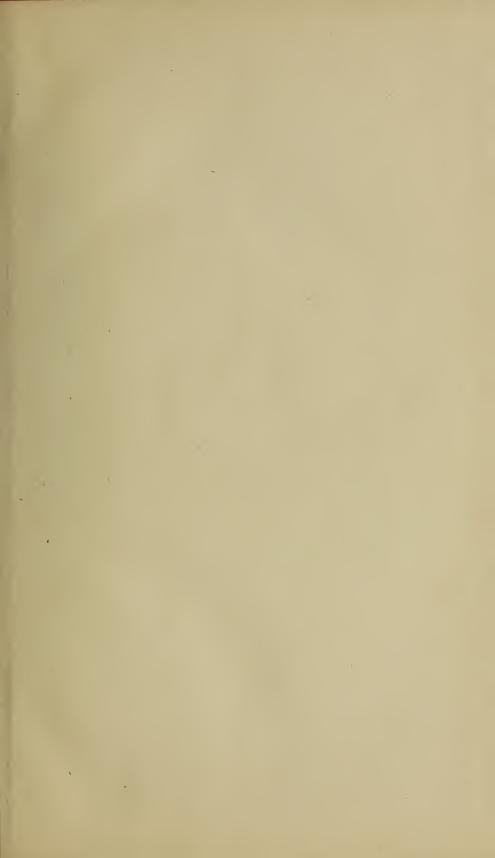
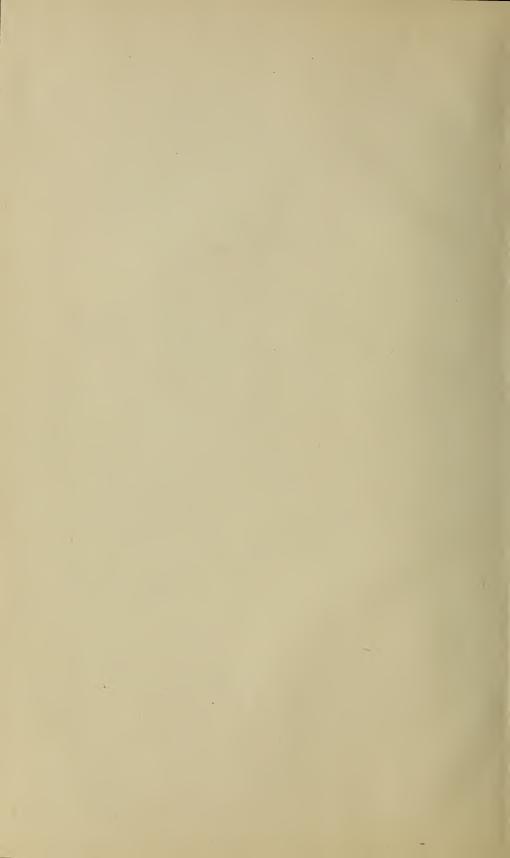
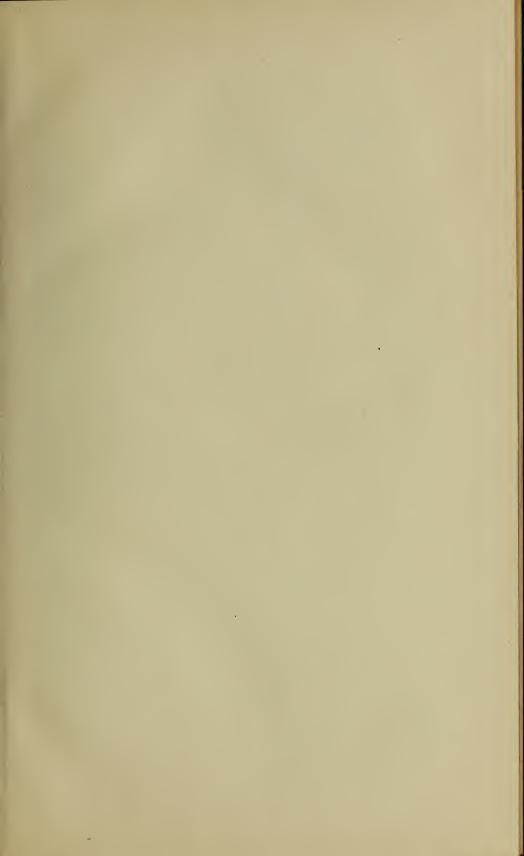


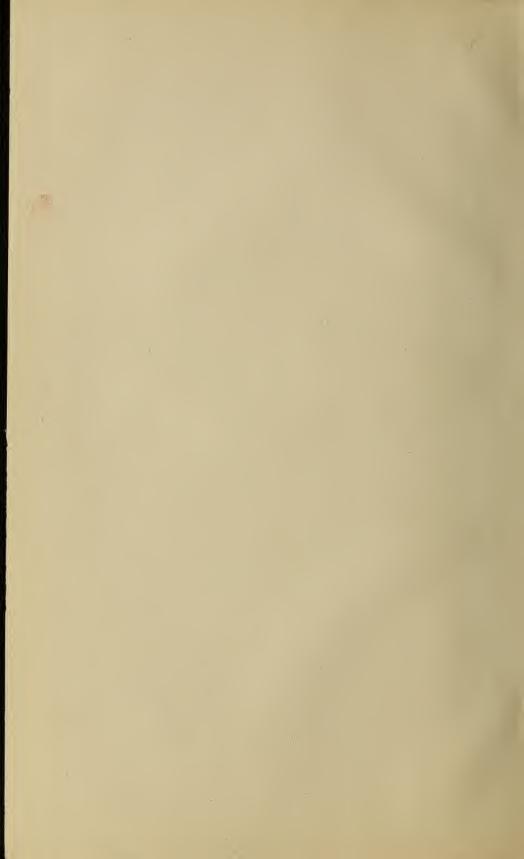


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# Standing Rules

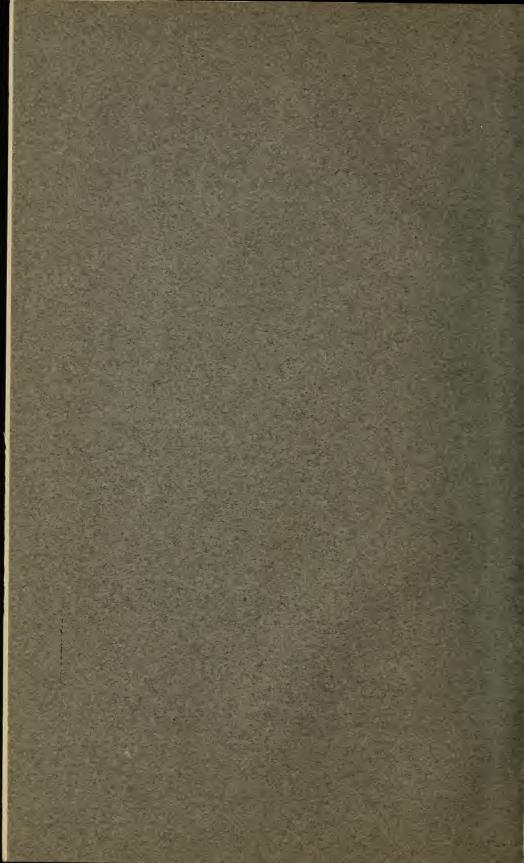
FOR CONDUCTING BUSINESS IN THE

# Senate of the United States

WITH RULES FOR THE REGULA-TION OF THE SENATE WING OF THE UNITED STATES CAPITOL ADOPTED BY THE COM-MITTEE ON RULES



WASHINGTON 1912



# Standing Rules

FOR CONDUCTING BUSINESS IN THE

# Senate of the United States

580

WITH RULES FOR THE REGULA-TION OF THE SENATE WING OF THE UNITED STATES CAPITOL ADOPTED BY THE COM-MITTEE ON RULES



WASHINGTON 1912

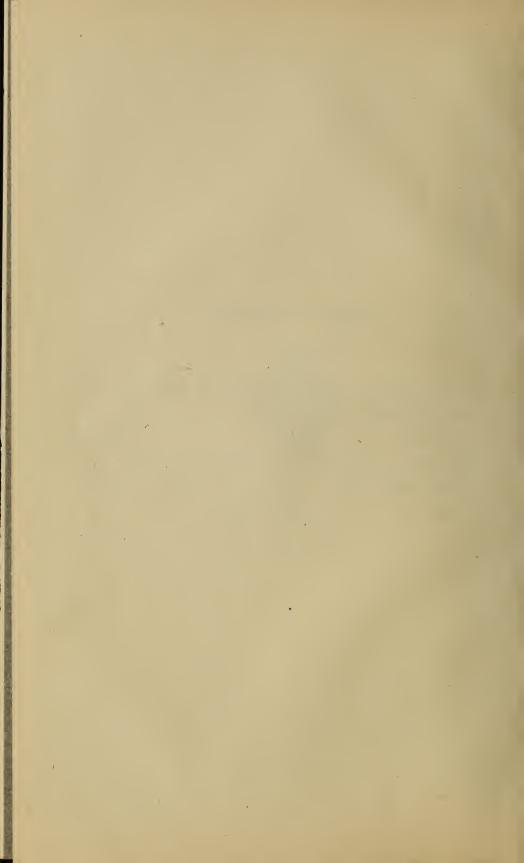
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# STANDING RULES FOR CONDUCTING BUSINESS IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

#### RULE I.

### APPOINTMENT OF A SENATOR TO THE CHAIR.\*

- I. In the absence of the Vice-President, the Senate shall choose a President pro tempore. [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. IX.
- 2. In the absence of the Vice-President, and pending the election of a President *pro tempore*, the Secretary of the Senate, or in his absence the Chief Clerk, shall perform the duties of the Chair.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. IX.
- 3. The President *pro tempore* shall have the right to name in open Senate, or, if absent, in writing, a Senator to perform the duties of the Chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment, except by unanimous consent.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. IX.

4. In event of a vacancy in the office of the Vice-President, the President *pro tempore* shall have the right to name, in writing, a Senator to perform the duties of the Chair during his absence; and the Senator so named shall have the right to name in open session, or in writing, if absent, a Senator to

After debate, the resolution as amended was agreed to.

[Senate Jour., March 12, 1890.

<sup>\*</sup>On motion by Mr. Evarts, the Senate resumed the consideration of the resolution relative to the tenure of office of the President *pro tempore;* and having been amended on the motion of Mr. Turpie to read as follows:

Resolved, That it is competent for the Senate to elect a President protempore, who shall hold the office during the pleasure of the Senate until another is elected, and shall execute the duties thereof during all future absences of the Vice-President until the Senate otherwise order.

perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond adjournment, except by unanimous consent.\*

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. IX.

#### RULE II.

# OATHS, ETC.

The oaths or affirmations required by the Constitution and prescribed by law shall be taken and subscribed by each Senator, in open Senate, before entering upon his duties. [See page 37.

#### RULE III.

# COMMENCEMENT OF DAILY SESSIONS.

- r. The Presiding Officer having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the Journal of the preceding day shall be read, and any mistake made in the entries corrected. The reading of the Journal shall not be suspended unless by unanimous consent; and when any motion shall be made to amend or correct the same, it shall be deemed a privileged question, and proceeded with until disposed of. [Jefferson's Manual, Secs. VI, XLIX.
- 2. A quorum shall consist of a majority of the Senators duly chosen and sworn. [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. VI.

#### RULE IV.

#### JOURNAL.

1. The proceedings of the Senate shall be briefly and accurately stated on the Journal. Messages of the President in

[Senate Jour., January 4, 1905.

<sup>\*</sup>Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, submitted the following resolution; which was considered by unanimous consent and agreed to:

Resolved, That whenever a Senator shall be designated by the President pro tempore to perform the duties of the Chair during his temporary absence he shall be empowered to sign, as acting President pro tempore, the enrolled bills and joint resolutions coming from the House of Representatives for presentation to the President of the United States.

full; titles of bills and joint resolutions, and such parts as shall be affected by proposed amendments; every vote, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, shall be entered.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XLIX.

2. The legislative, the executive, the confidential legislative proceedings, and the proceedings when sitting as a Court of Impeachment, shall each be recorded in a separate book.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XLIX.

### RULE V.

QUORUM-ABSENT SENATORS MAY BE SENT FOR.

- r. No Senator shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave. [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. VIII.
- 2. If, at any time during the daily sessions of the Senate, a question shall be raised by any Senator as to the presence of a quorum, the Presiding Officer shall forthwith direct the Secretary to call the roll and shall announce the result, and these proceedings shall be without debate.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. VII.]
- 3. Whenever upon such roll call it shall be ascertained that a quorum is not present, a majority of the Senators present may direct the Sergeant-at-Arms to request, and, when necessary, to compel the attendance of the absent Senators, which order shall be determined without debate; and pending its execution, and until a quorum shall be present, no debate nor motion, except to adjourn, shall be in order.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. VII, VIII.

#### RULE VI.

#### PRESENTATION OF CREDENTIALS.

1. The presentation of the credentials of Senators elect and other questions of privilege shall always be in order, except

during the reading and correction of the Journal, while a question of order or a motion to adjourn is pending, or while the Senate is dividing; and all questions and motions arising or made upon the presentation of such credentials shall be proceeded with until disposed of.

2. The Secretary shall keep a record of the certificates of election of Senators by entering in a well-bound book kept for that purpose the date of the election, the name of the person elected and the vote given at the election, the date of the certificate, the name of the governor and the secretary of state signing and countersigning the same, and the State from which such Senator is elected.\*

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Senate the following is a convenient and sufficient form of certificate of election of a Senator, to be signed by the executive of any State in pursuance of section eighteen of the Revised Statutes of the United States:

To the President of the Senate of the United States:

Witness: His excellency our governor, ——, and our seal hereto affixed at ——, this —— day of ——, in the year of our Lord ——. By the governor:

[SEAL.]

C D, Governor.

E F, Secretary of State:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate shall send a copy of these resolutions to the executive and secretary of state of each State wherein an election of Senator is about to take place, in season that they may use this form in certifying the result thereof, if they see fit.

[Sen. Jour., Feb. 25, 1897.

<sup>\*</sup> Resolution submitted by Mr. Hoar, and agreed to February 25, 1897:

### RULE VII.

#### MORNING BUSINESS.

r. After the Journal is read, the Presiding Officer shall lay before the Senate messages from the President, reports and communications from the heads of Departments, and other communications addressed to the Senate, and such bills, joint resolutions, and other messages from the House of Representatives as may remain upon his table from any previous day's session undisposed of. The Presiding Officer shall then call for, in the following order:

The presentation of petitions and memorials.

Reports of standing and select committees.

The introduction of bills and joint resolutions.

Concurrent and other resolutions.

All of which shall be received and disposed of in such order, unless unanimous consent shall be otherwise given.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XIV.

2. Senators having petitions, memorials, pension bills, bills for the payment of private claims or for the correction of naval or military records to present after the morning hour may deliver them to the Secretary of the Senate, indorsing upon them their names and the reference or disposition to be made thereof, and said petitions, memorials, and bills shall, with the approval of the Presiding Officer, be entered on the Journal with the names of the Senators presenting them as having been read twice and referred to the appropriate committees, and the Secretary of the Senate shall furnish a transcript of such entries to the official reporter of debates for publication in the Record.

It shall not be in order to interrupt a Senator having the floor, for the purpose of introducing any memorial, petition,

report of a committee, resolution, or bill. It shall be the duty of the Chair to enforce this rule without any point of order hereunder being made by a Senator.

- 3. Until the morning business shall have been concluded, and so announced from the Chair, or until the hour of r o'clock has arrived, no motion to proceed to the consideration of any bill, resolution, report of a committee, or other subject upon the Calendar shall be entertained by the Presiding Officer, unless by unanimous consent; and if such consent be given the motion shall not be subject to amendment, and shall be decided without debate upon the merits of the subject proposed to be taken up.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XIV.]
- 4. Every petition or memorial shall be referred, without putting the question, unless objection to such reference is made; in which case all motions for the reception or reference of such petition, memorial, or other paper shall be put in the order in which the same shall be made, and shall not be open to amendment, except to add instructions.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XIX.]
- 5. Every petition or memorial shall be signed by the petititioner or memorialist and have indorsed thereon a brief statement of its contents, and shall be presented and referred without debate. But no petition or memorial or other paper signed by citizens or subjects of a foreign power shall be received, unless the same be transmitted to the Senate by the President.\*

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XIX.

6. The Presiding Officer may at any time lay, and it shall be in order at any time for a Senator to move to lay, before the Senate, any bill or other matter sent to the Senate by the Presi-

[Sen. Jour., 49th Cong., 2d sess., p. 280.

<sup>\*</sup>Ordered, That when petitions and memorials are ordered printed in the Congressional Record the order shall be deemed to apply to the body of the petition only, and the names attached to said petition or memorial shall not be printed unless specially ordered by the Senate.

dent or the House of Representatives, and any question pending at that time shall be suspended for this purpose. Any motion so made shall be determined without debate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XIV.

# RULE VIII.

#### ORDER OF BUSINESS.

At the conclusion of the morning business for each day, unless upon motion the Senate shall at any time otherwise order, the Senate will proceed to the consideration of the Calendar of Bills and Resolutions, and continue such consideration until 2 o'clock;\* and bills and resolutions that are not objected to shall be taken up in their order, and each Senator shall be entitled to speak once and for five minutes only upon any question; and the objection may be interposed at any stage of the proceedings, but upon motion the Senate may continue such consideration; and this order shall commence immediately after the call for "concurrent and other resolutions," and shall take precedence of the unfinished business and other special orders. But if the Senate shall proceed with the consideration of any matter notwithstanding an objection, the foregoing provisions touching debate shall [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XIV. not apply.

All motions made before 2 o'clock to proceed to the consideration of any matter shall be determined without debate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XIV.

#### RULE IX.

# ORDER OF BUSINESS (CONTINUED).

Immediately after the consideration of cases not objected to upon the Calendar is completed, and not later than 2 o'clock, if

<sup>\*</sup>Resolution submitted by Mr. Hoar and adopted August 10, 1888:

Resolved, That after to-day, unless otherwise ordered, the morning hour shall terminate at the expiration of two hours after the meeting of the Senate.

there shall be no special orders for that time, the Calendar of General Orders shall be taken up and proceeded with in its order, beginning with the first subject on the Calendar next after the last subject disposed of in proceeding with the Calendar; and in such case the following motions shall be in order at any time as privileged motions, save as against a motion to adjourn, or to proceed to the consideration of executive business, or questions of privilege, to wit:

First. A motion to proceed to the consideration of an appropriation or revenue bill.

Second. A motion to proceed to the consideration of any other bill on the Calendar, which motion shall not be open to amendment.

Third. A motion to pass over the pending subject, which if carried shall have the effect to leave such subject without prejudice in its place on the Calendar.

Fourth. A motion to place such subject at the foot of the Calendar.

Each of the foregoing motions shall be decided without debate and shall have precedence in the order above named, and may be submitted as in the nature and with all the rights of questions of order.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XIV, XXXIII.

#### RULE X.

# SPECIAL ORDERS.

I. Any subject may, by a vote of two-thirds of the Senators present, be made a special order; and when the time so fixed for its consideration arrives the Presiding Officer shall lay it before the Senate, unless there be unfinished business of the preceding day, and if it is not finally disposed of on that day it shall take its place on the Calendar of Special Orders in the order of time at which it was made special, unless it shall become by adjournment the unfinished business. [Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XVIII, XXXIII.

2. When two or more special orders have been made for the same time, they shall have precedence according to the order in which they were severally assigned, and that order shall only be changed by direction of the Senate.

And all motions to change such order, or to proceed to the consideration of other business, shall be decided without debate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XVIII, XXXIII.

### RULE XI.

#### OBJECTION TO READING A PAPER.

When the reading of a paper is called for, and objected to, it shall be determined by a vote of the Senate, without debate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXII.

# RULE XII.

#### VOTING, ETC.

- I. When the yeas and nays are ordered, the names of Senators shall be called alphabetically; and each Senator shall, without debate, declare his assent or dissent to the question, unless excused by the Senate; and no Senator shall be permitted to vote after the decision shall have been announced by the Presiding Officer, but may for sufficient reasons, with unanimous consent, change or withdraw his vote. No motion to suspend this rule shall be in order, nor shall the Presiding Officer entertain any request to suspend it by unanimous consent.
- 2. When a Senator declines to vote on call of his name, he shall be required to assign his reasons therefor, and having assigned them, the Presiding Officer shall submit the question to the Senate: "Shall the Senator, for the reasons assigned by him, be excused from voting?" which shall be decided without debate; and these proceedings shall be had after the roll call and before the result is announced; and any further proceedings in reference thereto shall be after such announcement.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XVII, XLI.

#### RULE XIII.

# RECONSIDERATION.

I. When a question has been decided by the Senate, any Senator voting with the prevailing side may, on the same day or on either of the next two days of actual session thereafter, move a reconsideration; and if the Senate shall refuse to reconsider, or upon reconsideration shall affirm its first decision, no further motion to reconsider shall be in order unless by unanimous consent. Every motion to reconsider shall be decided by a majority vote, and may be laid on the table without affecting the question in reference to which the same is made, which shall be a final disposition of the motion.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XLIII.

2. When a bill, resolution, report, amendment, order, or message, upon which a vote has been taken, shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate and been communicated to the House of Representatives, the motion to reconsider shall be accompanied by a motion to request the House to return the same; which last motion shall be acted upon immediately, and without debate, and if determined in the negative shall be a final disposition of the motion to reconsider.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XLIII.

#### RULE XIV.

BILLS, JOINT RESOLUTIONS, AND RESOLUTIONS.

1. Whenever a bill or joint resolution shall be offered, its introduction shall, if objected to, be postponed for one day.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXIII.

2. Every bill and joint resolution shall receive three readings previous to its passage, which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise; and the Presiding Officer shall give notice at each reading whether it be the first, second, or third.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXII.]

3. No bill or joint resolution shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read, after which it may be referred to a committee; bills and joint resolutions introduced on leave, and bills and joint resolutions from the House of Representatives, shall be read once, and may be read twice, on the same day, if not objected to, for reference, but shall not be considered on that day as in Committee of the Whole, nor debated, except for reference, unless by unanimous consent.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXV.

- 4. Every bill and joint resolution reported from a committee, not having previously been read, shall be read once, and twice, if not objected to, on the same day, and placed on the Calendar in the order in which the same may be reported; and every bill and joint resolution introduced on leave, and every bill and joint resolution of the House of Representatives which shall have received a first and second reading without being referred to a committee, shall, if objection be made to further proceeding thereon, be placed on the Calendar.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXV.
- 5. All resolutions shall lie over one day for consideration, unless by unanimous consent the Senate shall otherwise direct.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXV.]

# RULE XV.

#### BILLS-COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

r. All bills and joint resolutions which shall have received two readings shall first be considered by the Senate as in Committee of the Whole, after which they shall be reported to the

Note.—"Resolved, That no communications from heads of Departments, Commissioners, Chiefs of Bureaus, or other executive officers, except when authorized or required by law, or when made in response to a resolution of the Senate, will be received by the Senate unless such communications shall be transmitted to the Senate by the President.

[Senate Journal, 1 sess. 60 Cong. p. 122.

Senate; and any amendments made in Committee of the Whole shall again be considered by the Senate, after which further amendments may be proposed. [Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XXVI, XXX.

- 2. When a bill or resolution shall have been ordered to be read a third time, it shall not be in order to propose amendments, unless by unanimous consent, but it shall be in order at any time before the passage of any bill or resolution to move its commitment; and when the bill or resolution shall again be reported from the committee it shall be placed on the Calendar, and when again considered by the Senate it shall be as in Committee of the Whole.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XXVI, XXX.]
- 3. Whenever a private bill is under consideration, it shall be in order to move, as a substitute for it, a resolution of the Senate referring the case to the Court of Claims, under the provisions of the act approved March 3, 1883.

#### RULE XVI.

# AMENDMENTS TO APPROPRIATION BILLS.

I. All general appropriation bills shall be referred to the Committee on Appropriations, except the following bills, which shall be severally referred as herein indicated, namely: The bill making appropriations for rivers and harbors, to the Committee on Commerce; the agricultural bill, to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry; the Army and the Military Academy bills, to the Committee on Military Affairs; the Indian bill, to the Committee on Indian Affairs; the naval bill, to the Committee on Naval Affairs; the pension bill, to the Committee on Pensions; the Post-Office bill, to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads; and no amendments shall be received to any general appropriation bill the effect of which will be to increase an appropriation already contained in the bill, or to add a new item

of appropriation, unless it be made to carry out the provisions of some existing law, or treaty stipulation, or act, or resolution previously passed by the Senate during that session; or unless the same be moved by direction of a standing or select committee of the Senate, or proposed in pursuance of an estimate of the head of some one of the departments. [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXV.]

- 2. All amendments to general appropriation bills moved by direction of a standing or select committee of the Senate, proposing to increase an appropriation already contained in the bill, or to add new items of appropriation, shall, at least one day before they are considered, be referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and when actually proposed to the bill no amendment proposing to increase the amount stated in such amendment shall be received; in like manner, amendments proposing new items of appropriation to river and harbor bills shall, before being considered, be referred to the Committee on Commerce; also amendments to bills establishing post-roads, or proposing new post-roads, shall, before being considered, be referred to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads. [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXV.
- 3. No amendment which proposes general legislation shall be received to any general appropriation bill, nor shall any amendment not germane or relevant to the subject-matter contained in the bill be received; nor shall any amendment to any item or clause of such bill be received which does not directly relate thereto; and all questions of relevancy of amendments under this rule, when raised, shall be submitted to the Senate and be decided without debate; and any amendment to a general appropriation bill may be laid on the table without prejudice to the bill.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXV.]

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4. No amendment, the object of which is to provide for a private claim, shall be received to any general appropriation bill, unless it be to carry out the provisions of an existing law or a treaty stipulation, which shall be cited on the face of the amendment.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXV.]

# RULE XVII.

AMENDMENT MAY BE LAID ON THE TABLE WITHOUT PREJU-DICE TO THE BILL.

When an amendment proposed to any pending measure is laid on the table, it shall not carry with it, or prejudice, such measure.

#### RULE XVIII.

# AMENDMENTS—DIVISION OF A QUESTION.

If the question in debate contains several propositions, any Senator may have the same divided, except a motion to strike out and insert, which shall not be divided; but the rejection of a motion to strike out and insert one proposition shall not prevent a motion to strike out and insert a different proposition; nor shall it prevent a motion simply to strike out; nor shall the rejection of a motion to strike out prevent a motion to strike out and insert. But pending a motion to strike out and insert, the part to be stricken out and the part to be inserted shall each be regarded for the purpose of amendment as a question; and motions to amend the part to be stricken out shall have precedence.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XXXV, XXXVI.]

# RULE XIX.

#### DEBATE.

1. When a Senator desires to speak, he shall rise and address the Presiding Officer, and shall not proceed until he is recognized, and the Presiding Officer shall recognize the Senator who shall first address him. No Senator shall interrupt another Senator in debate without his consent, and to obtain such consent he shall first address the Presiding Officer; and no Senator shall speak more than twice upon any one question in debate on the same day without leave of the Senate, which shall be determined without debate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XVII, XXXIX.]

2. No Senator in debate shall, directly or indirectly, by any form of words impute to another Senator or to other Senators any conduct or motive unworthy or unbecoming a Senator.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XVII.

- 3. No Senator in debate shall refer offensively to any State of the Union.
- 4. If any Senator, in speaking or otherwise, transgress the rules of the Senate, the Presiding Officer shall, or any Senator may, call him to order; and when a Senator shall be called to order he shall sit down, and not proceed without leave of the Senate, which, if granted, shall be upon motion that he be allowed to proceed in order, which motion shall be determined without debate.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XVII.
- 5. If a Senator be called to order for words spoken in debate, upon the demand of the Senator or of any other Senator the exceptionable words shall be taken down in writing, and read at the table for the information of the Senate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XVII.

# RULE XX.

#### QUESTIONS OF ORDER.

1. A question of order may be raised at any stage of the proceedings, except when the Senate is dividing, and, unless submitted to the Senate, shall be decided by the Presiding Officer without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate. When an appeal is taken, any subsequent question of order which may

arise before the decision of such appeal shall be decided by the Presiding Officer without debate; and every appeal therefrom shall be decided at once, and without debate; and any appeal may be laid on the table without prejudice to the pending proposition, and thereupon shall be held as affirming the decision of the Presiding Officer.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXIII.

2. The Presiding Officer may submit any question of order for the decision of the Senate. [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXIII.

#### RULE XXI.

#### MOTIONS.

- r. All motions shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the Presiding Officer or by any Senator, and shall be read before the same shall be debated.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XX.]
- 2. Any motion or resolution may be withdrawn or modified by the mover at any time before a decision, amendment, or ordering of the yeas and nays, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn without leave.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XX.]

#### RULE XXII.

#### PRECEDENCE OF MOTIONS.

When a question is pending, no motion shall be received but—

To adjourn.

To adjourn to a day certain, or that when the Senate adjourn it shall be to a day certain.

To take a recess.

To proceed to the consideration of executive business.

To lay on the table.

To postpone indefinitely.

To postpone to a day certain.

To commit.

To amend.

Which several motions shall have precedence as they stand arranged; and the motions relating to adjournment, to take a recess, to proceed to the consideration of executive business, to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXXIII.

# RULE XXIII.

#### PREAMBLES.

When a bill or resolution is accompanied by a preamble, the question shall first be put on the bill or resolution and then on the preamble, which may be withdrawn by a mover before an amendment of the same, or ordering of the yeas and nays; or it may be laid on the table without prejudice to the bill or resolution, and shall be a final disposition of such preamble.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XXVI.

### RULE XXIV.

# APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES.

- In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate, unless otherwise ordered, shall proceed by ballot to appoint severally the chairman of each committee, and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same. A majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a chairman of a standing committee, but a plurality of votes shall elect the other members thereof. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, unless otherwise ordered, and a plurality of votes shall appoint. [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XI.
- 2. When a chairman of a committee shall resign or cease to serve on a committee, and the Presiding Officer be authorized by the Senate to fill the vacancy in such committee, unless specially otherwise ordered, it shall be only to fill up the number on the committee.

# RULE XXV.\*

# STANDING COMMITTEES.

1. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of each Congress, with leave to report by bill or otherwise:

A Committee on Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Agriculture and Forestry, to consist of sixteen Senators.

A Committee on Appropriations, to consist of seventeen Senators.

A Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, to consist of five Senators, to which shall be referred all resolutions directing the payment of money out of the contingent fund of the Senate or creating a charge upon the same.

A Committee on Canadian Relations, to consist of nine Senators.

A Committee on the Census, to consist of twelve Senators.

A Committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment, to consist of twelve Senators.

A Committee on Claims, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Coast and Insular Survey, to consist of nine Senators.

A Committee on Coast Defenses, to consist of eleven Senators.

A Committee on Commerce, to consist of seventeen Senators.

A Committee on Conservation of National Resources, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Corporations Organized in the District of Columbia, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Cuban Relations, to consist of ten Senators.

<sup>\*</sup>As amended by Senate Resolution of April 28, 1911, Sixty-second Congress, first session.

A Committee on Disposition of Useless Papers in the Executive Departments, to consist of three Senators.

A Committee on the District of Columbia, to consist of fourteen Senators.

A Committee on Education and Labor, to consist of eleven Senators.

A Committee on Engrossed Bills, to consist of three Senators, which shall examine all bills, amendments, and joint resolutions before they go out of the possession of the Senate.

A Committee on Enrolled Bills, to consist of three Senators, which shall have power to act jointly with the same committee of the House of Representatives, and which, or some one of which, shall examine all bills or joint resolutions which shall have passed both Houses, to see that the same are correctly enrolled, and, when signed by the Speaker of the House and President of the Senate, shall forthwith present the same, when they shall have originated in the Senate, to the President of the United States in person, and report the fact and date of such presentation to the Senate.

A Committee to Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service, to consist of seven Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Agriculture, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Commerce and Labor,\* to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice, to consist of five Senators.

<sup>\*</sup> Provided for by Senate Resolution of April 5, 1912, Sixty-second Congress, second session.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Navy Department, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Post-Office Department, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Department of State, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Expenditures in the War Department, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Finance, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Fisheries, to consist of nine Senators, to which shall be referred all matters relating to fish and fisheries.

A Committee on the Five Civilized Tribes of Indians, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Foreign Relations, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Forest Reservations and the Protection of Game, to consist of nine Senators.

A Committee on the Geological Survey, to consist of seven Senators.

A Committee on Immigration, to consist of thirteen Senators.

A Committee on Indian Affairs, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Indian Depredations, to consist of eleven Senators.

A Committee on Industrial Expositions, to consist of thirteen Senators.

A Committee on Interoceanic Canals, to consist of fourteen Senators.

A Committee on Interstate Commerce, to consist of sixteen Senators.

A Committee to Investigate Trespassers on Indian Lands, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Irrigation and Reclamation of Arid Lands, to consist of thirteen Senators.

A Joint Committee on the Revision of the Laws of the United States, to consist of four Senators.

A Committee on the Judiciary, to consist of sixteen Senators.

A Committee on the Library, to consist of eight Senators, which shall have power to act jointly with the same committee of the House of Representatives.

A Committee on Manufactures, to consist of eleven Senators.

A Committee on Military Affairs, to consist of sixteen Senators.

A Committee on Mines and Mining, to consist of ten Senators.

A Committee on the Mississippi River and its Tributaries, to consist of seven Senators.

A Committee on National Banks,\* to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Naval Affairs, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico, to consist of twelve Senators.

A Committee on Pacific Railroads, to consist of nine Senators.

A Committee on Patents, to consist of seven Senators.

A Committee on Pensions, to consist of fourteen Senators.

A Committee on the Philippines, to consist of fourteen Senators.

A Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, to consist of sixteen Senators.

A Committee on Printing, to consist of eight Senators, which shall have power to act jointly with the same committee of the House of Representatives.

<sup>\*</sup>Provided for by Senate Resolution of April 29, 1912, Sixty-second Congress, second session.

A Committee on Private Land Claims, to consist of seven Senators.

A Committee on Privileges and Elections, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, to consist of sixteen Senators, which shall have power to act jointly with the same committee of the House of Representatives.

A Committee on Public Health and National Quarantine, to consist of eleven Senators.

A Committee on Public Lands, to consist of fifteen Senators.

A Committee on Railroads, to consist of eleven Senators.

A Committee on Revolutionary Claims, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Rules, to consist of eight Senators.

A Committee on Standards, Weights, and Measures, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on Territories, to consist of twelve Senators.

A Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard, to consist of nine Senators.

A Committee on Transportation and Sale of Meat Products, to consist of five Senators.

A Committee on the University of the United States, to consist of eleven Senators.

A Committee on Woman Suffrage, to consist of five Senators.

2. The Committees to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, on Printing, and on the Library, shall continue and have the power to act until their successors are appointed.

RULE XXVI.

REFERENCE TO COMMITTEES; MOTIONS TO DISCHARGE, AND REPORTS OF COMMITTEES TO LIE OVER.

1. When motions are made for reference of a subject to a select committee, or to a standing committee, the question of

reference to a standing committee shall be put first; and a motion simply to refer shall not be open to amendment, except to add instructions.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XXVI, XXXIII.

2. All reports of committees and motions to discharge a committee from the consideration of the subject, and all subjects from which a committee shall be discharged, shall lie over one day for consideration, unless by unanimous consent the Senate shall otherwise direct.

[Jefferson's Manual, Secs. XXVII, XLIII.

# RULE XXVII.

# REPORTS OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

The presentation of reports of committees of conference shall always be in order, except when the Journal is being read or a question of order or a motion to adjourn is pending, or while the Senate is dividing; and when received the question of proceeding to the consideration of the report, if raised, shall be immediately put, and shall be determined without debate.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XLVI.

#### RULE XXVIII.

#### MESSAGES.

- r. Messages from the President of the United States or from the House of Representatives may be received at any stage of proceedings, except while the Senate is dividing, or while the Journal is being read, or while a question of order or a motion to adjourn is pending.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XLVII.]
- 2. Messages shall be sent to the House of Representatives by the Secretary, who shall previously certify the determination of the Senate upon all bills, joint resolutions, and other resolutions which may be communicated to the House, or in which its concurrence may be requested; and the Secretary shall also certify and deliver to the President of the United States all resolutions and other communications which may be directed to him by the Senate.

  [Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XLVII.]

#### RULE XXIX.

# PRINTING OF PAPERS, ETC. -

- 1. Every motion to print documents, reports, and other matter transmitted by either of the Executive Departments, or to print memorials, petitions, accompanying documents, or any other paper, except bills of the Senate or House of Representatives, resolutions submitted by a Senator, communications from the legislatures or conventions, lawfully called, of the respective States, and motions to print by order of the standing or select committees of the Senate, shall, unless the Senate otherwise order, be referred to the Committee on Printing. When a motion is made to commit with instructions, it shall be in order to add thereto a motion to print.
- 2. Motions to print additional numbers shall also be referred to the Committee on Printing; and when the committee shall report favorably, the report shall be accompanied by an estimate of the probable cost thereof; and when the cost of printing such additional numbers shall exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, the concurrence of the House of Representatives shall be necessary for an order to print the same.
- 3. Every bill and joint resolution introduced on leave or reported from a committee, and all bills and joint resolutions received from the House of Representatives, and all reports of committees, shall be printed, unless, for the dispatch of the business of the Senate, such printing may be dispensed with.

#### RULE XXX.

# WITHDRAWAL OF PAPERS.

1. No memorial or other paper presented to the Senate, except original treaties finally acted upon, shall be withdrawn from its files except by order of the Senate. But when an act may pass for the settlement of any private claim, the Secretary

is authorized to transmit to the officer charged with the settlement the papers on file relating to the claim.

2. No memorial or other paper upon which an adverse report has been made shall be withdrawn from the files of the Senate unless copies thereof shall be left in the office of the Secretary.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XVI.

### RULE XXXI.

### REFERENCE OF CLAIMS ADVERSELY REPORTED.

Whenever a committee of the Senate, to whom any claim has been referred, reports adversely, and the report is agreed to, it shall not be in order to move to take the papers from the files for the purpose of referring them at a subsequent session, unless the claimant shall present a petition therefor, stating that new evidence has been discovered since the report, and setting forth the substance of such new evidence. But when there has been no adverse report it shall be the duty of the Secretary to transmit all such papers to the committee in which such claims are pending.

# RULE XXXII.

### BUSINESS CONTINUED FROM SESSION TO SESSION.

At the second or any subsequent session of a Congress, the legislative business of the Senate which remained undetermined at the close of the next preceding session of that Congress shall be resumed and proceeded with in the same manner as if no adjournment of the Senate had taken place; and all papers referred to committees and not reported upon at the close of a session of Congress shall be returned to the office of the Secretary of the Senate, and be retained by him until the next succeeding session of that Congress, when they shall be returned to the several committees to which they had previously been referred.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. LI.

# RULE XXXIII.

### PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.

No person shall be admitted to the floor of the Senate while in session, except as follows:

The President of the United States and his private secretary. The President elect and Vice-President elect of the United

States.

Ex-Presidents and ex-Vice-Presidents of the United States.

Judges of the Supreme Court.

Ex-Senators and Senators elect.

The officers and employees of the Senate in the discharge of their official duties.

Ex-Secretaries and ex-Sergeants-at-Arms of the Senate.

Members of the House of Representatives and Members elect.

Ex-Speakers of the House of Representatives.

The Sergeant-at-Arms of the House and his chief deputy and the Clerk of the House and his deputy.

Heads of the Executive Departments.

Ambassadors and Ministers of the United States.

Governors of States and Territories.

The General Commanding the Army.

The Senior Admiral of the Navy on the active list.

Members of National Legislatures of foreign countries.

Judges of the Court of Claims.

Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

The Librarian of Congress and the Assistant Librarian in charge of the Law Library.

The Architect of the Capitol.

The Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.

Clerks to Senate committees and clerks to Senators when in the actual discharge of their official duties. Clerks to Senators, to be admitted to the floor, must be regularly appointed and borne upon the rolls of the Secretary of the Senate as such.

### RULE XXXIV.

# REGULATION OF THE SENATE WING OF THE CAPITOL.

- 1. The Senate Chamber shall not be granted for any other purpose than for the use of the Senate.
- 2. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Rules to make all rules and regulations respecting such parts of the Capitol, its passages and galleries, including the restaurant, as are or may be set apart for the use of the Senate and its officers, to be enforced under the direction of the Presiding Officer. They shall, at the opening of each session of Congress, make such regulations respecting the reporters' gallery of the Senate as will confine its occupation to bona fide reporters for daily newspapers, assigning not to exceed one seat to each paper.

### RULE XXXV.

### SESSION WITH CLOSED DOORS.

On'a motion made and seconded to close the doors of the Senate, on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a Senator, require secrecy, the Presiding Officer shall direct the galleries to be cleared; and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain closed.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. XVIII.

# RULE XXXVI.

# EXECUTIVE SESSIONS.

I. When the President of the United States shall meet the Senate in the Senate Chamber for the consideration of Executive business, he shall have a seat on the right of the Presiding Officer. When the Senate shall be convened by the President

of the United States to any other place, the Presiding Officer of the Senate and the Senators shall attend at the place appointed, with the necessary officers of the Senate.

- \*2. When acting upon confidential or Executive business, unless the same shall be considered in open Executive session, the Senate Chamber shall be cleared of all persons except the Secretary, the Chief Clerk, the Principal Legislative Clerk, the Executive Clerk, the Minute and Journal Clerk, the Sergeant-at-Arms, the Assistant Doorkeeper, and such other officers as the Presiding Officer shall think necessary; and all such officers shall be sworn to secrecy.
- †3. All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate shall be by the Senators and the officers of the Senate kept secret; and all treaties which may be laid before the Senate, and all remarks, votes, and proceedings thereon shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their

<sup>\*</sup>In Executive session, May 2, 1892:

Resolved, That until otherwise ordered there shall be admitted to the floor of the Senate during Executive sessions such clerks, not exceeding three in number, as may be assigned by the Secretary of the Senate to Executive duties.

<sup>†</sup>In Executive session, March 21, 1885:

Ordered, That the injunction of secrecy be removed from the following report from the Committee on Rules, viz:

The Committee on Rules, to which was referred a question of order raised by the Senator from Maine (Mr. Frye) as to the operation of clause 3, Rule XXXVI, reported that it extends the injunction of secrecy to each step in the consideration of treaties, including the fact of ratification; that no modification of this clause of the rules ought to be made; that the secrecy as to the fact of ratification of a treaty may be of the utmost importance, and ought not to be removed except by order of the Senate, or until it has been made public by proclamation by the President.

In Executive session, February 8, 1900:

Ordered, Whenever the injunction of secrecy shall be removed from any part of the proceedings of the Senate in Executive session, or secret legislative session, the order of the Senate removing the same shall be entered by the Secretary in the Legislative Journal as well as in the Executive Journal, and shall be published in the Record.

resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy, or unless the same shall be considered in open Executive session.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. LII.

- 4. Any Senator or officer of the Senate who shall disclose the secret or confidential business or proceedings of the Senate shall be liable, if a Senator, to suffer expulsion from the body; and if an officer, to dismissal from the service of the Senate, and to punishment for contempt.
- 5. Whenever, by the request of the Senate or any committee thereof, any documents or papers shall be communicated to the Senate by the President or the head of any Department relating to any matter pending in the Senate, the proceedings in regard to which are secret or confidential under the rules, said documents and papers shall be considered as confidential, and shall not be disclosed without leave of the Senate.

### RULE XXXVII.

### EXECUTIVE SESSION-PROCEEDINGS ON TREATIES.

r. When a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time; and no motion in respect to it shall be in order, except to refer it to a committee, to print it in confidence for the use of the Senate, to remove the injunction of secrecy, or to consider it in open Executive session.

When a treaty is reported from a committee with or without amendment, it shall, unless the Senate unanimously otherwise direct, lie one day for consideration; after which it may be read a second time and considered as in Committee of the Whole, when it shall be proceeded with by articles, and the amendments reported by the committee shall be first acted upon, after which other amendments may be proposed;

and when through with, the proceedings had as in Committee of the Whole shall be reported to the Senate, when the question shall be, if the treaty be amended, "Will the Senate concur in the amendments made in Committee of the Whole?" And the amendments may be taken separately, or in gross, if no Senator shall object; after which new amendments may be proposed. At any stage of such proceedings the Senate may remove the injunction of secrecy from the treaty, or proceed with its consideration in open Executive session.

The decisions thus made shall be reduced to the form of a resolution of ratification, with or without amendments, as the case may be, which shall be proposed on a subsequent day, unless, by unanimous consent, the Senate determine otherwise; at which stage no amendment shall be received, unless by unanimous consent.

On the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be necessary to determine it in the affirmative; but all other motions and questions upon a treaty shall be decided by a majority vote, except a motion to postpone indefinitely, which shall be decided by a vote of two-thirds.

- 2. Treaties transmitted by the President to the Senate for ratification shall be resumed at the second or any subsequent session of the same Congress at the stage in which they were left at the final adjournment of the session at which they were transmitted; but all proceedings on treaties shall terminate with the Congress, and they shall be resumed at the commencement of the next Congress as if no proceedings had previously been had thereon.
- 3. All treaties concluded with Indian tribes shall be considered and acted upon by the Senate in its open or legislative

session, unless the same shall be transmitted by the President to the Senate in confidence, in which case they shall be acted upon with closed doors.

[Jefferson's Manual, Sec. L.II.

### RULE XXXVIII.

# EXECUTIVE SESSION—PROCEEDINGS ON NOMINATIONS.\*

- I. When nominations shall be made by the President of the United States to the Senate, they shall, unless otherwise ordered, be referred to appropriate committees; and the final question on every nomination shall be, "Will the Senate advise and consent to this nomination?" which question shall not be put on the same day on which the nomination is received, nor on the day on which it may be reported by a committee, unless by unanimous consent.
- 2. All information communicated or remarks made by a Senator when acting upon nominations, concerning the character or qualifications of the person nominated, also all votes upon any nomination, shall be kept secret. If, however, charges shall be made against a person nominated, the

<sup>\*</sup>In Executive session, December 16, 1885:

Resolved, All nominations to office shall be prepared for the printer by the Official Reporter, and printed in the Record, after the proceedings of the day in which they are received, also nominations recalled, confirmations, and rejections.

In Executive session, December 17, 1885:

Ordered, The Secretary shall furnish the Official Reporters with a list of nominations to office after the proceedings of the day on which they are received, and a like list of all confirmations and rejections.

In Executive session, May 2, 1894:

Resolved, The Secretary shall furnish to the press, and to the public upon request, the names of nominees confirmed or rejected on the day on which a final vote shall be had, except when otherwise ordered by the Senate.

committee may, in its discretion, notify such nominee thereof, but the name of the person making such charges shall not be disclosed. The fact that a nomination has been made, or that it has been confirmed or rejected, shall not be regarded as a secret.

- 3. When a nomination is confirmed or rejected, any Senator voting in the majority may move for a reconsideration on the same day on which the vote was taken, or on either of the next two days of actual Executive session of the Senate; but if a notification of the confirmation or rejection of a nomination shall have been sent to the President before the expiration of the time within which a motion to reconsider may be made, the motion to reconsider shall be accompanied by a motion to request the President to return such notification to the Senate. Any motion to reconsider the vote on a nomination may be laid on the table without prejudice to the nomination, and shall be a final disposition of such motion.
- 4. Nominations confirmed or rejected by the Senate shall not be returned by the Secretary to the President until the expiration of the time limited for making a motion to reconsider the same, or while a motion to reconsider is pending, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.
- 5. When the Senate shall adjourn or take a recess for more than thirty days, all motions to reconsider a vote upon a nomination which has been confirmed or rejected by the Senate, which shall be pending at the time of taking such adjournment or recess, shall fall; and the Secretary shall return all such nominations to the President as confirmed or rejected by the Senate, as the case may be.
- 6. Nominations neither confirmed nor rejected during the session at which they are made shall not be acted upon at any

succeeding session without being again made to the Senate by the President; and if the Senate shall adjourn or take a recess for more than thirty days, all nominations pending and not finally acted upon at the time of taking such adjournment or recess shall be returned by the Secretary to the President, and shall not again be considered unless they shall again be made to the Senate by the President.

# RULE XXXIX.

THE PRESIDENT FURNISHED WITH COPIES OF RECORDS OF EXECUTIVE SESSIONS.

The President of the United States shall, from time to time, be furnished with an authenticated transcript of the Executive records of the Senate, but no further extract from the Executive Journal shall be furnished by the Secretary, except by special order of the Senate; and no paper, except original treaties transmitted to the Senate by the President of the United States, and finally acted upon by the Senate, shall be delivered from the office of the Secretary without an order of the Senate for that purpose.

# RULE XL.

SUSPENSION AND AMENDMENT OF THE RULES.

No motion to suspend, modify, or amend any rule, or any part thereof, shall be in order, except on one day's notice in writing, specifying precisely the rule or part proposed to be suspended, modified, or amended, and the purpose thereof. Any rule may be suspended without notice by the unanimous consent of the Senate, except as otherwise provided in clause r, Rule XII.

# OATHS REQUIRED BY THE CONSTITUTION AND BY LAW TO BE TAKEN UNDER RULE II.

### BY SENATORS.

- I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the Constitution of the United States.

  [June 1, 1789, 1 Stat., 23.]
- I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter: So help me God.

[July 11, 1868, 15 Stat., 85.

### BY THE SECRETARY.

I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the Constitution of the United States.

And in addition to the foregoing he will also take the following:

I, A B, Secretary of the Senate of the United States of America, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will truly and faithfully discharge the duties of my said office, to the best of my knowledge and abilities.

[June 1, 1789, 1 Stat., 23.

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always be in order, and the question of their consider-			
ation be immediately put without debate	27	_	27
Confidential communications from the President, and all	·		•
treaties, proceedings, and remarks thereon, shall be			
kept secret	36	3	32
Confidential business of the Senate. Penalties for disclosing	3,	3	3-
the	36	4.	33
Contingent fund of the Senate shall be referred to the Com-	30	4.	<b>33</b>
mittee on Contingent Expenses. All resolutions for the			
payment of money from the		_	
	25	Ι	22
Court of Claims. To refer private bills to the	15	3	16
Credentials of Senators elect shall always be in order, and be			
proceeded with until disposed of by the Senate. The			
presentation of	6	Ι	7
, D,			
Daily sessions. Commencement of			6
	3	_	0
Day certain. When a question is pending, a motion may be			
made to postpone to a	22	-	20
Debate. If a Senator in speaking, or otherwise, transgress			
the rules, the Presiding Officer shall, or any Senator			
may, call him to order	19	4	19
When called to order he shall sit down, and shall not pro-			
ceed without leave of the Senate	19	4	19
If leave be granted to proceed, it shall be on motion, and			
determined without	19	4	19
If a Senator be called to order for words spoken in debate,			
the exceptionable words, if required, shall be taken			
down	19	5	19
The Presiding Officer shall name the Senator who is to		Ŭ	
speak, who, in all cases, shall be the Senator who shall			
first address the Chair	19	I	18
	-,		

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Debate. No Senator shall interrupt another without his con-			
sent, to obtain which he shall first address the Chair	19	I	19
No Senator shall impute to another Senator any conduct			
or motive unworthy or unbecoming a Senator	19	2	19
No Senator shall refer offensively to any State of the Union.	19	3	19
No Senator shall speak more than twice on any one ques-		Ŭ	
tion on the same day without leave of the Senate, to			
be determined without	19	I	19
Upon the merits of the question. A motion to take up a	-,		
subject shall be decided without	7	3	10
Petitions and memorials to be presented and referred	•	3	10
without	P7	۳.	10
No Senator to speak but once, and for five minutes only, on	7	3	10
bills and resolutions upon the Calendar not objected to.	8		
A motion to lay before the Senate any bill or other mat-	0	_	II
ter sent to the Senate by the President or House of			
	_	,	
Representatives shall be decided without	7	6	10
A motion made before 2 o'clock to proceed to the con-	0		
sideration of any matter shall be determined without	8	_	II
A motion to change the order of special orders or to pro-			
ceed to the consideration of other business shall be			
decided without	10	2	13
Decision is announced. No Senator shall, under any circum-			
stances, be permitted to vote after a	12	I	13
But he may, for special reasons, by unanimous consent,			
change or withdraw his vote after a	12	I	13
Any motion or resolution may be withdrawn, except a			
motion to reconsider before an amendment, ordering			
the yeas and nays, or before a	21	2	20
Discharge of a committee. A motion to discharge a commit-			
tee from a subject shall lie one day for consideration	26	2	27
All subjects from which a committee shall be discharged			
shall also lie one day for consideration	26	2	27
Division of a question. If the question in debate contain			·
several points any Senator may have the same divided	18	_	18
A motion to strike out and insert shall not be divided	18	_	18
Doors to be closed. On the discussion of any business which			
may in the opinion of a Senator require secrecy, upon			
a motion made the Presiding Officer shall direct the	35	_	31
· ·	33		3.
E.			
Exceptionable words shall be taken down. If a Senator be			
called to order for words spoken in debate, the	19	5	19
carred to order for words spoken in debate, the	-9	3	19

		ule. Cla	use. P	age.
Ex	cused from voting. In calling the yeas and nays, each			
	Senator, when his name is called, shall answer without			
	debate, unless for special reasons he be	12	I	13.
Ex	cused from voting. When reasons shall be assigned for not			
	voting, their sufficiency shall be determined without			
	debate	12	2	13
	These proceedings shall be after the roll is called, and			-3
	before the decision is announced	12	2	13
Ex	ecutive business shall be decided without debate. A mo-		_	-3
	tion to proceed to consideration of	22		21
	The President shall have a seat on the right of the Chair			
	when he shall meet the Senate for consideration of	36	1	2.1
	The Senate shall be cleared of all persons except the offi-	30	1	31
	cers in attendance (who shall be sworn to secrecy) when			
	acting upon	-6		
	0 1	36	2	32
	Unless the Senate is in open Executive session	36	2	32
	All confidential communications made by the President,			
	and all treaties, and remarks, votes, and proceedings			
	thereon, shall be kept secret, except as provided	36	3	32
	Any person who shall disclose the secret proceedings of			
	the Senate shall, if a Senator, be liable to expulsion; if			
	an officer, to dismissal	36	4	33
	All documents or papers communicated to the Senate by			
	the President or the head of any Department, relating			
	to any matter secret or confidential under the rules,			
	shall be considered as confidential	36	5	33
	Proceedings upon treaties. (See <i>Treaties</i> .)			
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Ex	ecutive record. The President shall, from time to time,			
	be furnished with an authenticated transcript of the	39	_	37
	No further extracts shall be furnished by the Secretary	-		٠.
	without an order of the Senate	39	_	37
Ex	ecutive proceedings of the Senate shall be kept in a sepa-	0,		٠,
	rate book	4	2	7
Ex	tra copies of documents shall be referred to the Committee			
	on Printing. Motion to print	29	2	28
	When the cost of additional copies shall exceed five hun-	29	_	20
	dred dollars the concurrence of the House shall be			
	necessary	20	2	28
Fa	tracts from the Executive Journal shall not be given with-	29	2	20
LA	out an order of the Senate	20		0.77
	out an order of the genate	39		37

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G.			
Galleries to be cleared and the doors closed, on discussing a			
question requiring secrecy. The Chair shall direct the.	35	-	31
General appropriation bills. All general appropriation bills			
shall be referred to the Committee on Appropriations,			
except the bill making appropriations for rivers and			
harbors, the agricultural bill, the Army and the Mili-			
tary Academy bills, the Indian bill, the naval bill, the		_	
pension, bill, and the Post-Office bill	16	I	16
To proceed to the consideration of, a privileged motion.  Amendments to. No amendments shall be received	9	_	12
which shall increase the appropriation, unless to carry			
out some existing law or resolution of the Senate, or by			
direction of a standing or select committee, or in pur-			
suance of an estimate of the head of a Department	16	I	16
All amendments proposing to increase an appropriation	10	•	10
shall one day previous to being offered be referred to			
the Committee on Appropriations	16	2	17
No amendment shall be proposed to an amendment			·
increasing the amount in such amendment	16	2	17
Amendments moved by direction of a committee shall be			
first referred to the Committee on Appropriations	16	2	17
No amendment proposing general legislation, or that is			
not germane or relevant to the subject of the bill, shall			
be received	16	3	17
No amendment to any item or clause that does not			
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All questions of relevancy of amendments shall be decided			
by the Senate without debate	16	3	17
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Germane. No amendment to any appropriation bill shall be			
offered which is not relevant or	16	3	17
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Leave to introduce a bill. May be offered if no objection  Leave of the Senate. A motion to reconsider shall not be		1	14
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No Senator shall speak more than twice on any one ques- tion on the same day without			
A Senator when called to order shall sit down and shall	l	Ι	19
not proceed without		4	19
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M.			
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ratification, and on a motion to postpone indefinitely,			
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ings except		I	27
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Messages to the House and communications to the President	ule. Cla	use.	Page.
shall be taken by the Secretary	28	_	O.F.
Morning business. Order in which it is laid before the Sen-	20	2	27
ate, after the Journal is read	~	I	_
Until concluded, or until 1 o'clock, no motion to proceed	7	1	9
to the consideration of any bill, resolution, etc., upon			
the Calendar shall be entertained unless by unanimous			
consent, and shall not be subject to amendment, and			
shall be decided without debate on the merits of the			
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The order of, which shall not be interrupted, unless by	· ·		11
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No motion to proceed to the consideration of subjects	1	•	9
on the Calendar shall be received, except by unani-			
mous consent, during the	7	3	Io
A motion received by unanimous consent to take up a	'	3	
subject shall not be open to amendment, and shall be			
decided without debate on the merits of the question	7	3	10
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Motions. A motion to lay before the Senate bills or other	Ť		
matter sent to the Senate by the President or House of			
Representatives, in order at any time	7	6	ю
To reconsider shall be decided by a majority vote with-	•		
out debate	13	ı.	14
Before a motion shall be debated it shall, if required, be			•
reduced to writing	21	I	20
Which may be made when a question is under considera-			
tion; their order and precedence	22	-	20
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before a division, amendment, or ordering of the yeas			
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leave of the Senate	21	2	20
A motion to discharge a committee shall lie over one day			
for consideration, unless by unanimous consent	26	2	27
, NT			
N.			
Nominations. The question on their confirmation shall not			
be put on the same day on which they are received, nor			
on the day on which they may be reported	38	I	3 <b>5</b>

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Nominations. Shall be prepared for the printer by the Offi-			
cial Reporter, and printed in the Record; also nomina-			
tions recalled, confirmations, and rejections	38	_	35
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list of nominations, and a like list of all confirmations			
	-0		
and rejections	38	_	35
The Secretary shall furnish to the press, and to the public			
upon request, the names of nominees confirmed or			
rejected, except	38	-	35
Discussions upon the character and qualifications of a			
nominee and the votes upon a nomination shall be			
kept secret	38	2	35
The person nominated may be notified of charges against			00
him, but the name of the party making them shall not			
be disclosed	38	2	25
A motion to reconsider the vote on a nomination may be	30	-	35
•	- 0		
made within two days of actual session	38	3	36
Notice of confirmation shall not be sent to the President			
until the expiration of two days of actual session	38	4	36
When the President has been notified of a confirmation,			
"a motion to reconsider must be accompanied by a re-			
quest to the President to return the notification of con-			
firmation	38	3	36
A motion to reconsider the vote on a nomination may be			
laid on the table, which shall be final	38	3	36
Upon an adjournment of Congress, or a recess of more than		Ŭ	•
thirty days, all motions to reconsider shall fall, and the			
nominations stand as confirmed or rejected, as the case			
•	.0	_	-6
may be	38	5	36
Not confirmed or rejected at one session shall not be con-			,
sidered at the next session unless renominated	38	6	36
Upon an adjournment of Congress, or on taking a recess			
of thirty days, all nominations not finally acted upon			
shall be returned to the President	38	5	36
0.			
Oaths of office. The oaths required by the Constitution and			
prescribed by law shall be taken and subscribed by Sen-			
ators in open Senate before entering upon their duties.	2	_	6
Order of business. After the conclusion of the morning busi-		_	U
	8		
ness, prescribed	0	_	II
After the consideration of cases not objected to upon the			
Calendar is completed, and not later than 2 o'clock,			
prescribed	9	-	II

Order in debate. When a Senator shall be called to order, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of	ule; Cl	ause. I	Page.
the Senate, which shall be determined without debate.  No Senator shall speak to or interrupt another without his consent, to obtain which he shall first address the	19	4	19
Chair	19	I	19
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bate	20	1	19
on a question of order	20	Ι	<b>1</b> 9
sion of the Senate	20	2	20
decided without debate	20	1	19 20
P.	20	•	20
Papers. When the reading of a paper is called for, and ob-			
jection be made, it shall be submitted to the Senate			
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of the Senate, be withdrawn from its files When an act has passed for the settlement of a private claim, the Secretary may transmit the papers to the ac-	30	I	28
counting officers	30	I	28

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Papers. When a claim has been adversely reported on, and			-6-4
the report be agreed to, the papers shall not be referred			
from the files without new evidence	31	-	29
Where an adverse report has been made, papers shall not			
be withdrawn without leaving copies with the Secre-			
tary	30	2	29
Pending measure. Amendment proposed to any, is laid on	Ŭ		
the table without carrying the measure to the table or			
prejudicing the same	17	_	18
Petitions, before being presented, must be signed, indorsed	•		
with a brief statement of their contents, and referred			
without debate	7	5	IO
Manner of presentation of	7	2	9
Order in which the Chair shall call for, in the morning hour.	7	I	9
Order to print in Record covers body of petition only		Note	_
No petition or other paper signed by citizens or subjects	- `		,
of a foreign power shall be received unless through the			
President	7	5	IO
Every petition shall be referred without putting the ques-			
tion, unless there be objection	7	4	IO
Plurality of votes. Select committees and the members of		·	
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elected by a	24	I	21
Postpone indefinitely. When a question is pending, a motion			
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Preamble to a resolution. The question shall be first put			
upon the resolution, and last on the preamble	23	_	21
To a resolution may be withdrawn before an amendment			
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To a bill shall be last put to question, and may also be	Ŭ		
laid on the table	23	_	21
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Presiding Officer of the Senate. In the absence of the Vice-			
President, the Senate shall choose a President pro tem-			
pore	1	I	5
Tenure of office of President pro tempore	I	~	5
In the absence of the Vice-President and pending the			
election of a President pro tempore, the Secretary, or,			
in his absence, the Chief Clerk, shall perform the			
duties of the Chair	I	2	5
He shall have the right to name a Senator to occupy the			
Chair, who shall not hold beyond an adjournment except	I	3	5

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Presiding Officer of the Senate. In the event of a vacancy in			
the office of Vice-President, he shall have the right to			
name a Senator to occupy the Chair	r	4	5
He may at any time lay before the Senate bills or other			
matter sent to the Senate by the President or House of			
Representatives	7	6	IO
The Presiding Officer shall decide every question of order			
without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate	20	1	19
He may submit any question of order without decision	20	•	- 7
to the Senate	20	2	20
Printing. Every motion to print, except to print bills,	20	_	20
reports of committees, resolutions, communications			
from State legislatures and conventions, and motions			
to print, made by direction of committees, shall be			
referred to the Committee on			
	29	Ι	28
All reports of committees, unless for the dispatch of busi-			_
ness the printing be dispensed with, shall be printed	29	3	28
Motions to print additional numbers shall be referred to			_
the Committee on	29	2	28
When the cost of printing additional numbers shall			
exceed five hundred dollars, it shall be by concurrent			
resolution	29	2	28
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be printed unless	29	3	28
Private bill. May be referred to Court of Claims	15	3	16
Private claim. No memorial or other papers shall be with-			
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Where a private act has passed, the Secretary may transmit			
the papers to the officer charged with the settlement	30	1	28
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referred from the files without new evidence	31	-	29
Where an adverse report has been made on a private claim,			
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No amendment shall be proposed to any general appro-			
priation bill whose object is to provide for a	16	4	18
Private secretary of Senator shall not be admitted to the floor		Ċ	
until borne upon the rolls of the Secretary as such	33	_	31
Privileged motions, save as against a motion to adjourn, to			
proceed to Executive business, or questions of privilege,			
and shall be decided without debate	9	_	12
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Q,			
Question of order shall be decided by the Chair, without			
debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate. Every	20	I	19

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Question of order. The Chair may submit any question of or-			
der to the decision of the Senate	20	2	20
When an appeal is taken from the decision of the Chair,			
any subsequent question of order or appeal shall be de-			
cided without debate	20	1	19
An appeal from the decision of the Chair may be laid on	20	1	19
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		_	
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But a motion to strike out and insert shall not be divided.	18	_	18
But, pending a motion to strike out and insert, each part			
shall be regarded as a question; and the part to be			
stricken out shall be first open to amendment	18	_	т8
Quorum. The journal of the proceedings of the preceding			
day shall be read, there being present a	3	I	6
Shall consist of a majority of the Senators duly chosen	3	•	
and sworn	2	2	6
The presence of a quorum being questioned, the Chair	3	2	O
shall direct the roll to be called to ascertain the pres-	_		
ence of a	5	2	7
A majority of the Senators present may request or com-			
pel the attendance of Senators to make a	5	3	7
Pending the execution of the order requiring the pres-			
ence of absent Senators, no debate or motion shall be			
in order but to adjourn	5	3	7
R.			
Reading of a paper. When the reading of a paper is called			
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Senate without debate	11	_	13
Recess. Pending the consideration of a question, a motion,			13
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Recess of the Senate for more than thirty days. All nomina-	22	_	20
tions and motions to reconsider nominations shall fall	-0	_	-6
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Reconsideration. A motion to reconsider may be made by			
any Senator voting on the side that prevailed	13	I	21

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Reconsideration. A motion to reconsider may be made within the two next days of actual session, and shall be decided			
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Which last motion shall be determined at once and with-	13	2	14
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quired, it shall be	21	Ι	20
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it shall be in order to move its	15	2	16
shall not be germane or	16	3	17
called for by the Chair under "morning business"  If objected to, the consideration of the report of a com-	7	Ι	9
mittee shall lie over one day	26	2	27

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Reports of committees. All reports of committees shall be printed, unless for the dispatch of business the print-	aic. Oil	*450. 1	age.
ing be dispensed with	29	3	28
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by the Chair under "morning business"  Not objected to, to be taken up in their order	7 8	I _	9 11
When accompanied by a preamble, the question shall be first put on the resolution, then on the preamble, which			
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Removal of injunction of secrecy from Report of Committee on Rules.	36	3	32
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Secrecy. An officer of the Senate committing a like offense			
shall be dismissed and punished for a contempt	36	4	33
All documents or papers communicated to the Senate by			
the President or the head of any Department, relating			
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# RULES FOR THE REGULATION OF THE SENATE WING OF THE UNITED STATES CAPITOL.

### ADOPTED BY THE COMMITTEE ON RULES.

### RULE I.

### SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

The Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, under the direction of the Presiding Officer, shall be the Executive Officer of the body for the enforcement of all rules made by the Committee on Rules for the regulation of the Senate Wing of the Capitol and Senate Annex. The Senate floor shall be at all times under his immediate supervision, and he shall see that the various subordinate officers of his department perform the duties to which they are especially assigned.

# RULE II.

ASSISTANT DOORKEEPER AND ACTING ASSISTANT DOORKEEPER.

The Assistant Doorkeeper and Acting Assistant Doorkeeper shall be assigned, during the daily sessions of the Senate, to duty upon the Senate floor. They shall see that the messengers

assigned to the doors upon the Senate floor are at their posts, and that the floor and cloakrooms are cleared at least five minutes before the opening of daily sessions of all persons not entitled to remain there. In the absence of the Sergeant-at-Arms the duties of his office, so far as they pertain to the enforcement of rules, shall devolve upon the Assistant Doorkeeper.

# RULE III.

MESSENGERS ACTING AS ASSISTANT DOORKEEPERS.

The messengers acting as Assistant Doorkeepers shall be assigned to their duties by the Sergeant-at-Arms.

### RULE IV.

### GALLERIES.

The Sergeant-at-Arms shall keep the aisles of the galleries clear, and shall not allow admittance into the galleries of more than their seating capacity.

The galleries of the Senate shall be set apart and occupied as follows:

### PRESS GALLERY.

The gallery in the rear of the Vice-President's chair shall be set apart for reporters of daily newspapers.

Persons desiring admission to the Press Gallery shall make application to the Committee on Rules [as required by Rule IV for the regulation of the Senate Wing of the United States Capitol]; and shall also state, in writing, for what paper or papers they are employed; and shall further state that they are not engaged in the prosecution of claims pending before Congress or the Departments, and will not become so engaged while

allowed admission to the gallery; and that they are not in any sense the agents or representatives of persons or corporations having legislation before Congress, and will not become such agents or representatives while retaining their right to places in the gallery. Visiting journalists who may be allowed temporary admission to the gallery must conform to the restrictions of this rule.

The applications required by above rule (blank forms for which can be obtained from the Doorkeeper of the Press Gallery) shall be authenticated in a manner that shall be satisfactory to the Standing Committee of Correspondents, who shall see that the occupation of the gallery is confined to bona fide telegraphic correspondents of reputable standing in their business, who represent daily newspapers; but not exceeding one seat shall be assigned to each paper; and it shall be the duty of the said Standing Committee, at their discretion, to report violations of the privileges of the gallery to the Senate Committee on Rules, and pending action thereon the offending correspondent shall be suspended.

Persons employed in the Executive or Legislative Departments of the Government, and persons engaged in other occupations whose chief attention is not given to newspaper correspondence, shall not be entitled to admission to the Press Gallery; and the press list in the Congressional Directory shall be a list only of telegraphic correspondents. Correspondents entitled to the privileges of the Press Gallery may be admitted to the Marble Room under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Committee on Rules.

Members of the families of correspondents are not entitled to admission to the Press Gallery.

The Press Gallery, subject to the supervision and control of the Committee on Rules, shall be under the direction of the Standing Committee of Correspondents.

#### DIPLOMATIC GALLERY.

The southern gallery over the main entrance to the Senate Chamber shall be set apart for the use of the Diplomatic Corps, and no person shall be admitted to it excepting the Secretary of State, foreign ministers, their families and suites, and Senators.

The cards of admission to said gallery shall be issued by the Secretary of State, or the Chairman of the Committee on Rules, to such persons as are entitled to its privileges.

#### SENATE GALLERY.

The gallery over the east entrance to the Senate Chamber, formerly part of the ladies' gallery, shall be set apart for the exclusive use of the families of Senators and guests visiting their families who shall be designated by some member of the Senator's family.

No others shall be admitted, either by card or personal direction, except by the President and Vice-President to their respective reserved seats.

Employees of the Senate, except those on duty at the gallery door, shall be excluded.

The front seat in the Senate Gallery, next adjoining the ladies' gallery, shall be set apart for the use of the President, and no person shall be admitted to said seat except upon his order.

The seat immediately in the rear of the President's seat shall be set apart for the use of the Vice-President, and no person shall be admitted thereto except upon his order.

#### RESERVED GALLERIES.

The reserved galleries shall be governed by the following rule:

The galleries over the western entrance to the Senate Chamber and over the northeastern corner of said Chamber shall be set apart for the use of the families of Senators, of members of the House of Representatives, of Cabinet ministers, and of judges of the Supreme Court of the United States. Other persons may be admitted to said galleries upon the card of a Senator. The period to which such card of admission shall be limited rests entirely in the discretion of the Senator issuing it.

#### LADIES' GALLERY.

The gallery extending from the Senate Gallery to the Diplomatic Gallery shall be set apart for the use of ladies and ladies accompanied by gentlemen.

#### PUBLIC GALLERIES.

The galleries on either side of the western reserved gallery shall be open to the public.

# RULE V.

#### MARBLE ROOM.

The anteroom known as the Marble Room is set apart for Senators and such persons as they may think proper to invite into the same. During the open sessions of the Senate it shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-Arms to see that such occupation of said room is not interfered with by officers of the Senate or other persons.

### RULE VI.

#### CLOAKROOMS.

No persons shall be admitted to the cloakrooms adjoining the Senate Chamber excepting those entitled to the privileges of the Senate floor under Standing Rule XXXIII.

#### RULE VII.

### HEATING AND VENTILATING DEPARTMENT.

No person shall be admitted to the heating and ventilating department of the Senate Wing of the Capitol, except upon a pass from the Sergeant-at-Arms, or unless accompanied by an officer of the Senate.

And all engineers and others who are engaged in heating and ventilating the Senate Wing of the Capitol shall be subject to the orders and in all respects under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol, subject to the approval of the Senate Committee on Rules.

[Stat. at L., vol. 25, p. 258.

### RULE VIII.

#### BARBER SHOP AND BATHROOMS.

The barber shop, and bathrooms connected therewith, shall be reserved exclusively for the use of Senators. The bathroom in the heating and ventilating department of the Senate Wing shall be for the use of employees of the Senate; and no other persons shall be entitled to its privileges.

### RULE IX.

#### SENATE RESTAURANT.

The large private room of the restaurant shall be reserved exclusively for Senators and their guests.

The small private room shall be reserved exclusively for the use of Senators and members of the House of Representatives,

and such use of the private rooms of the restaurant shall not be interfered with.

The viands served in the restaurant shall be of the best quality, and the prices for the same shall not exceed those stated in the printed bills of fare, to be previously approved by the Chairman of the Committee on Rules, and said prices shall be subject to modification from time to time as the Chairman of the Committee on Rules may direct.

The restaurant shall be kept open during the session of the Senate and during such other parts of the year as the Committee on Rules may direct.

The caterer shall give his personal attention and care to the management of the restaurant. The equipment for the tables and for the service shall be first class. No spirituous liquors shall be sold, furnished, or kept in the restaurant. All parts of the restaurant, with its kitchen and office, shall be kept scrupulously clean, and all waste and garbage shall be removed daily. The rooms and vaults connected with the restaurant shall be kept entirely for its use, and shall not be withdrawn from such use for any purpose. The management of the restaurant and all matters connected therewith shall at all times be subject to such further directions as the Committee on Rules may give.

#### RULE X.

#### CORRIDORS, ETC.

The corridors and passageways of the Senate Wing of the Capitol shall be kept open and free from obstructions; and no stands, booths, or counters for the exhibition or sale of any article shall be placed therein.

### RULE XI.

### PEDDLING, BEGGING, ETC.

Peddling, begging, and the solicitation of book or other subscriptions are strictly forbidden in the Senate Wing of the Capitol, and no portion of said wing shall be occupied by signs or other devices for advertising any article whatsoever, excepting time tables in the Post-Office and such signs as may be necessary to designate the entrances to the Senate restaurant.

### RULE XII.

#### SMOKING.

Smoking is prohibited in the elevators, corridors, and passageways of the Senate Wing of the Capitol.

### RULE XIII.

### CARDS AND COMMUNICATIONS IN THE MORNING HOUR.

No cards, letters, or other communications, except letters from Senators' families, and official communications, shall be sent to a Senator in the Chamber during the daily sessions of the Senate before 2 o'clock p. m., unless he shall so direct.

#### RULE XIV.

### CARDS AND COMMUNICATIONS DURING EXECUTIVE SESSIONS.

No cards, letters, or other communications shall be sent to Senators in the Chamber when the Senate is in executive session, except cards of members of the House of Representatives, calls from the Supreme Court of the United States, letters from Senators' families, official communications and telegrams, unless Senators shall direct the messenger at the main door of the Senate Chamber otherwise.

### RULE XV.

### SWEEPING, CLEANING.

All sweeping, cleaning, and dusting of the Senate Wing of the Capitol shall be done, as far as practicable, immediately after the adjournment of each day's session of the Senate, and must, in any event, be completed before 8 o'clock a. m.

#### RULE XVI.

## SENATE ANNEX AND OTHER SENATE BUILDINGS.

All provisions of the foregoing rules so far as practicable are made applicable to the building called the Senate Annex, the buildings used for the storage of Senate documents, and the Senate stables.

Resolved, That on and after the fourth of March, nineteen hundred and nine, the jurisdiction and functions of the Committee on Rules, United States Senate, hitherto exercised in connection with the Senate Wing of the Capitol, be, and the same are hereby, extended to cover in like manner jurisdiction over the Senate Office Building; and on and after the fourth day of March, nineteen hundred and nine, said committee is hereby authorized and directed to proceed with the arrangement of rooms in the Senate Office Building, for the use of Senators.

[Sen. Jour., 2d Sess. 60th Cong., p. 186.]

